

Selected solutions to review problems for Exam 2:

1.
 - a. $X \sim B(10, \frac{1}{4})$
 - b. $\mu = np = 2.5$
 - c. $P(X = 0) = (\frac{3}{4})^{10} = 0.056$
 - d. $P(X \geq 6) = 1 - P(X \leq 5) = 1 - F(5) = 1 - 0.98 = 0.02$ (using the table or the TI-83 to find $F(5)$)

2. If X is uniform on $[1,5]$, then

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1/4, & 1 \leq x \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad \text{and} \quad F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{4}(x-1), & 1 \leq x \leq 5 \\ 1, & x > 5 \end{cases}$$

- c. $\mu = 3, \quad \sigma^2 = 4/3$
- d. $P(X > 3) = 1/2 \quad P(X < 0) = 0 \quad P(1 < X < 3) = 1/2$

3.
 - a. X is Poisson with rate $\lambda = 4$ per week, because X is counting something that occurs at random, relatively infrequently.

- b. $P(X = 0) = \frac{e^{-4}4^0}{0!} = e^{-4} = 0.0183$
- c. $P(X \leq 5) = F(5) = 0.785$ (using table or TI-83)
- d. $P(X > 6) = 1 - P(X \leq 6) = 1 - F(6) = 0.111$

4.
 - a. W is exponential with $\theta = 1/4$ (of a week), because $\lambda = 4$ calls per week.

- b. $P(W > 3/7) = 1 - F(3/7) = 1 - (1 - e^{-4 \cdot \frac{3}{7}}) = 0.18$

Here, we were using the cdf of the exponential. You could also directly integrate $\int_{3/7}^{\infty} 4e^{-4x} dx$.

- c. $E(W) = 1/4$ of a week. That is, on average you would expect to wait $1/4$ of a week, or 1.75 days for the first call.

$$\text{Var}(W) = (1/4)^2 = 1/16$$

5. Note that Y is a geometric r.v. with $p = 0.6$. We spent some time in class and on the homework showing a couple of things, one of which was that for a geometric r.v., $P(Y > k) = q^k$, where $q = 1 - p$. We also showed that the geometric r.v. has the "memoryless" property, which states that

$$P(Y > s+t \mid Y > s) = P(Y > t)$$

For this problem, that means $P(Y > 10 \mid Y > 7) = P(Y > 3) = (0.4)^3 = 0.064$ (i.e. take $s = 7$ and $t = 3$).